

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page: 1 of 5  
Print Date: 12/01/2010

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**PRODUCT NAME:** LS6 - Butane Gas  
**USE:** As per requirement  
**APPLICATION CONDITIONS:** As per requirement

**SUPPLIER:** Beal UK Ltd  
Sterling Works  
Texas Street  
Tingley (A650)  
Leeds  
LS27 0HG  
Email: sales@beal.org.uk

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**MOST IMPORTANT HAZARDS:** In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation  
**SPECIFIC HAZARDS:** Extremely Flammable

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**IDENTIFICATION OF THE PREPARATION** A mixture of fragrances and organic gases.

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS-No	EC-No	CLASS	WEIGHT	REGISTRATION-No
Butane	106-97-8	203-448-7	F+; R12	30-50%	-
Propane	74-98-6	200-827-9	F+; R12	30-50%	-

Contains no known PBT's or vPvB's

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**GENERAL ADVICE:** In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air, keep the patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash affected skin with soap and water. DO NOT use solvents or thinners as skin cleaning agents.

**EYE CONTACT:** Contact lenses should be removed. Promptly wash eyes with lots of water while lifting the eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

**INGESTION:** If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do not induce vomiting.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Recommended use: Alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), dry powder, water spray. Do not use water jet. Cool containers with spray water.

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA WHICH MUST NOT BE USED FOR SAFETY REASONS:** Do NOT use high pressure inert gas or water jets.

**SPECIFIC HAZARDS:** Fire may produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see heading 10). Decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page: 2 of 5  
Print Date: 12/01/2010

## SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

courses.

In the event of fire, wear self contained breathing apparatus.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing vapours. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

### ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

DO NOT allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product enters drains or sewers, the local water company should be informed immediately. In the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, inform the relevant environment Agency. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

### METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth) and place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see section 13). Clean the spill area preferably with a detergent. Avoid the use of solvents.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### HANDLING:

Keep, the aerosol in a cool, dry place. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Do not use sparking tools around aerosols. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour and spray mist. For personal protection, see section 8. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. Never apply pressure to the aerosol, the aerosol is a pressurised object and may explode if pressure is applied.

### GENERAL:

The accumulation of vapours in an enclosed space may result in spontaneous combustion, use only in well ventilated areas. Use responsibly and in the correct manner. Wear the appropriate personal protective equipment, as outlined in section 8.

### STORAGE

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 and 25°C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Store separately from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

### CHEMICAL NAME:

Butane

8 hour TWA - 600 ppm / 1450 milligrams per cubic metre  
15 minute STEL - 750 ppm / 1810 milligrams per cubic metre

Propane

1000 ppm TWA 2500 ppm TWA

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page: 3 of 5  
Print Date: 12/01/2010

<b>ENGINEERING MEASURES:</b>	Provide adequate ventilation. All PPE used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected to meet the requirements of the COSHH regulations.
<b>PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT:</b>	
<b>RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:</b>	If exposure to hazardous substances identified cannot be controlled by the provision of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn.
<b>HAND PROTECTION:</b>	When skin exposure may occur, advice should be sought from glove suppliers on appropriate types and usage times for this product. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of skin, but are not substitutes for full physical protection. They should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
<b>EYE PROTECTION:</b>	Eye protection designed to protect against liquid splashes should be worn.
<b>SKIN &amp; BODY PROTECTION:</b>	Grossly contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed with soap and water or a proprietary skin cleaner.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>FORM:</b>	Aerosol
<b>FLASHPOINT:</b>	
<b>COLOUR:</b>	Colourless
<b>ODOUR:</b>	Peppermint

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>STABILITY:</b>	Stable under the recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
<b>CONDITIONS TO AVOID:</b>	Applying heat or pressure to the aerosol may result in explosion and fire. Naked flames, smoking, wet and damp storage conditions and mishandling may also result in explosion and fire.
<b>MATERIALS TO AVOID:</b>	Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.
<b>HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:</b>	In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen may be produced.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>ACUTE TOXICITY:</b>	Is of a low order: not considered toxic during normal handling
<b>LOCAL EFFECTS:</b>	<b>Inhalation:</b> As a simple asphyxiate, symptoms of oxygen deficiency, leading to loss of consciousness if exposure continues. Exposure to vapour at high concentration may cause: central nervous system depression, loss of consciousness, cardiac sensitisation leading to risk of fatal arrhythmias <b>Eye contact:</b> Liquid or cold vapour may cause frostbite and corneal damage. <b>Skin Contact:</b> Liquid or cold vapour may cause frostbite <b>Ingestion:</b> Liquid can cause burns similar to frostbite

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page: 4 of 5  
Print Date: 12/01/2010

**SENSITIZATION:**  
**CHRONIC TOXICITY:**  
**LONG TERM TOXICITY:**

Contains no known category 1 or 2 carcinogens, mutagens or reproductive toxicants

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**MOBILITY:**  
**PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:**  
**BIOACCUMULATION:**

The product is gaseous and will partition to the air phase where it will be rapidly broken down by hydroxyl radicals

**ECOTOXICITY EFFECTS:**  
**ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING POTENTIAL:**

Contains no known substances that require a chemical safety report

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**WASTE FROM RESIDUES / UNUSED PRODUCTS:**

Do not allow to enter drains or water courses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected.

**CONTAMINATED PACKAGING:**

Wastes, including emptied aerosols, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with regulations made under the Control of Pollution Act and the Environmental Protection Act. Using the information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant environment agency whether the special waste regulations apply.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**UN NUMBER:** UN1950  
**SHIPPING NAME:** Aerosols  
**HAZARD CLASS:** 2.1 (For Sea Transport). Classification code 5f  
**EmS:** F-D, S-U  
**CLASS:** 2  
**LABELLING:** 2.1

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**SYMBOLS:**



Extremely Flammable

**R-PHRASE(S):** R12 Extremely flammable

**S-PHRASE(S):** S2 Keep out of the reach of children  
S16 Keep away from sources of ignition – no smoking

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page: 5 of 5  
Print Date: 12/01/2010

- S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray
- S25 Avoid contact with eyes
- S35 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way

No chemical safety assessments have been carried out for any of the substances used in this preparation.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**USES ADVISED AGAINST:** The product should not be used for any other purposes other than its intended use. Handling, storage and conditions to avoid instructions must be followed at all times.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is provided in accordance with the requirements of the Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging) Regulations. The information we have provided is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text.